

Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements **December 31, 2013**

February 28, 2014

Management's Report

The accompanying interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements ("financial statements") of **Oceanus Resources Corporation** (the "Company") are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Board of Directors. The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The financial statements include certain amounts and assumptions that are based on management's best estimates and have been derived with careful judgment.

In fulfilling its responsibilities, management has developed and maintains a system of internal accounting controls. These controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial records are reliable for preparation of the financial statements. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors reviewed and approved the Company's financial statements, and recommended their approval by the Board of Directors.

These financial statements have not been reviewed by the external auditors of the Company.

(signed) "*Richard Gordon*" President and Chief Executive Officer Halifax, Nova Scotia (signed) "Glenn Holmes" Chief Financial Officer Halifax, Nova Scotia



Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Financial Position As at December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013

	December 31, 2013 \$	March 31, 2013 \$
Assets		
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Sales tax recoverable Prepaid expenses and other receivables	155,804 195,357 29,188	1,955,207 28,232 3,937
Resource properties (note 6)	380,349 5,082,127	1,987,376 3,840,016
	5,462,476	5,827,392
Liabilities		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7)	174,010	248,592
Equity (note 11)	5,288,466	5,578,800
	5,462,476	5,827,392

Nature of operations and going concern (note 1)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors



Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the periods ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012

	Share capital \$	Contributed surplus and other	Warrants \$	Deficit \$	Total \$
Balance – March 31, 2012	1,478,690	110,500	-	(755,188)	834,002
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	_	-	-	(440,123)	(440,123)
Shares issued for cash, net of issue costs Shares issued for cash, exercise of agent's	237,198	_	-	-	237,198
options	61,000	(21,000)	_	_	40.000
Stock-based compensation	-	88,000	_	_	88,000
Balance – December 31, 2012	1,776,888	177,500	_	(1,195,311)	759,077
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	_	_	_	(159,759)	(159,759)
Shares issued for cash, net of issue costs	2,099,482	_	_	_	2,099,482
Share issued upon exercise of stock options	36,923	(16,923)	_	_	20,000
Shares issued in connection with resource	00,000	(10,000)			,,,,,
property acquisition	2,860,000	_	_	_	2,860,000
Warrants issued as finders fees	(26,000)	_	26,000	_	_
			·		
Balance – March 31, 2013	6,747,293	160,577	26,000	(1,355,070)	5,578,800
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	_	_	_	(798,370)	(798,370)
Stock-based compensation	_	411,000	_	_	411,000
Shares issued for cash, net of issue costs	97,036	_	_	_	97,036
2	2.,000				2.,230
Balance – December 31, 2013	6,844,329	571,577	26,000	(2,153,440)	5,288,466

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss For the periods ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012

Oneveting evenence	Three December 31, 2013	months ended December 31, 2012 \$	Nine i December 31, 2013 \$	months ended December 31, 2012 \$
Operating expenses	101 000	10.050	150017	47.000
Professional fees	101,008	19,652	156,047	47,260
Dues and fees	10,460	1,608	22,071	12,396
Insurance	10,776	6,125	33,792	18,238
Office	10,113	4,056	26,002	19,405
Shareholder communication	587	28,919	57,502	30,090
Travel	358	8,625	25,078	8,625
Stock-based compensation	125,000	40.050	306,000	88,000
Property investigation	_	49,359 3,000	_	84,790 3,000
Consulting fees Wages and benefits	E0 164	61,460	170 106	169,319
Foreign exchange loss	53,164 6,217	01,400	170,186 13,257	169,319
Foreign exchange loss	0,217		13,237	
	(317,683)	(182,804)	(809,935)	(481,123)
Other income Interest income	2,448	_	11,565	
Loss before income taxes	(315,235)	(182,804)	(798,370)	(481,123)
Recovery of income taxes		5,400	_	41,000
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year	(315,235)	(177,404)	(798,370)	(440,123)
Loss per share – basic and diluted	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.04)
Weighted average outstanding common shares – basic and diluted	35,759,220	10,977,696	35,669,721	10,238,084

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the periods ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012

		months ended December 31, 2012	Nine r December 31, 2013 \$	months ended December 31, 2012
Cash provided by (used in)	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Operating activities Net loss for the periods Charges to income not affecting cash	(315,235)	(177,404)	(798,370)	(440,123)
Stock-based compensation Recovery of income taxes	125,000	_ (5,400)	306,000	88,000 (41,000)
Net changes in non-cash working capital balances related to operations	(190,235)	(182,804)	(492,370)	(393,123)
Decrease (increase) in sales tax recoverable Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses and	(41,667)	63,586	(167,125)	41,381
receivables Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and	(12,315)	6,125	(25,251)	8,628
accrued liabilities	69,698	85,180	(98,866)	134,441
	(174,519)	(27,913)	(783,612)	(208,673)
Investing activities Purchase of and expenditures on resource properties	(164,918)	(36,067)	(1,112,827)	(258,763)
Financing activities				
Proceeds from issuance of common shares Proceeds from exercise of stock options Share issue costs paid	16,000 _ 	40,000 (751)	97,036 –	250,000 40,000 (12,802)
	16,000	39,249	97,036	277,198
Net change in cash for the periods	(323,437)	(24,731)	(1,799,403)	(190,238)
Cash – Beginning of period	479,241	63,492	1,955,207	228,999
Cash and cash equivalents – End of period Cash and cash equivalents are comprised		38,761	155,804	38,761
of the following:				
Cash on hand and balances with banks Short-term investments	19,80 <u>4</u> 136,000		19,804 136,000	38,761 -

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



1 Nature of operations and going concern

Nature of operations

Oceanus Resources Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act on June 14, 2010 and its common shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") under the trading symbol OCN. The Company has one reportable and geographic segment is a mineral exploration company engaged in locating and acquiring high quality projects and exploring for gold and base metals and has not yet determined whether its exploration property interests contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable.

Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared using generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due. For the period ended December 31, 2013, the Company incurred a loss of \$798,370 and as at December 31, 2013 had an accumulated deficit of \$2,153,440. The Company has no income or cash flow from operations. In addition to its working capital requirements, the Company must secure sufficient funding to maintain legal title to its resource properties, to fund its exploration and development activities and to fund its general and administrative costs. Such circumstances lend significant doubt as to the ability of the Company to meet its obligations as they come due and, accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. Management is evaluating alternatives to secure additional financing so that the Company can continue to operate as a going concern. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that these initiatives will be successful or sufficient.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to fund its working capital and exploration requirements and eventually to generate positive cash flows, either from operations or sale of properties. These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying value of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and balance sheet classifications that would be necessary were the going concern assumption inappropriate, and these adjustments could be material.

2 Basis of presentation

a) Statement of compliance

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as set out in the Handbook of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA Handbook"), which incorporates International financial reporting standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").



2 Basis of presentation (continued)

a) Statement of compliance (continued)

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"), as issued by the IASB. Accordingly, certain information normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS, as issued by the IASB, has been omitted or condensed. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year-ended March 31, 2013.

The policies applied in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are based on the IFRS as of February 28, 2014, the date the Board of Directors approved the financial statements. Any subsequent changes to IFRS that are given effect in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ending March 31, 2014 could result in the restatement of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

b) Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under a historical cost basis, except for share based payments and certain financial assets which are recorded at fair value. Items included in the financial statements of each of the Company's subsidiaries are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency"). The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the presentation currency of the Company.

c) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. The determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgment based on various assumptions and other factors such as historical experience and current and expected economic conditions. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The more significant areas requiring the use of management estimates and assumptions are discussed below.

Resource property

The resource property asset includes non-cash acquisition cost components that were settled with the issuance of 11,000,000 common shares of the Company in fiscal 2013.

The shares issued in fiscal 2013 were valued at \$0.26 per share for accounting purposes, this being the last price transacted on the Exchange prior to the shares being halted on October 24, 2012, the date the Lunar Gold Acquisition Transaction was announced. The shares remained halted until the Acquisition Transaction was completed and resumed trading on March 15, 2013. A \$0.01 difference in the value of the common shares issued pursuant to the resource property acquisition would impact the resource property asset by \$110,000.



2 Basis of presentation (continued)

c) Use of estimates and judgments (continued)

Flow-through premium liability

The flow-through premium liability is determined based on the difference between the value of the Company's non-flow-through shares and the amount the investor pays for the flow-through shares. The determination of the fair value of the Company's non-flow-through shares requires the exercise of judgment based on various assumptions. A \$0.01 difference in the value of the non-flow-through shares would impact the flow-through premium liability by \$12,500.

Share-based payments

The Company issued equity-settled share-based payments to certain employees and third parties outside the Company. Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) at the date of grant. Fair value is measured using the Black-Scholes pricing model and requires the exercise of judgment in relation to variables such as expected volatilities and dividend yields based on information available at the time the fair value is measured.

3 Significant accounting policies

These interim unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the same policies and methods of computation as the annual consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2013. Refer to note 3 of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013 for information on the accounting policies as well as new accounting standards not yet effective.

4 Capital management

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company. The Company considers capital to be total equity, which at December 31, 2013 totaled \$5,288,466. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

5 Acquisition of Lunar Gold Holdings Incorporated

On March 13, 2013, the Company completed the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding securities of Lunar Gold Holdings Incorporated ("LGH"), a Canadian company, by way of security exchange. LGH and LGH's wholly owned Canadian subsidiary, LGHI Holdings Incorporated ("LGHI"), together own 100% of Minera Pueblo de Oro S.A. de C.V., a Mexican company, ("MPO"). MPO is a party to three option agreements under which it can earn a 100% interest in a total of 12 mining concession titles, collectively known as the La Lajita Property covering approximately 3,200 hectares in Durango State, Mexico.



5 Acquisition of Lunar Gold Holdings Incorporated (continued)

Ten of the mining concessions are subject to an option agreement dated October 4, 2012, that provides for aggregate cash option payments aggregating US\$2,000,000 as follows:

On signing US\$100,000 (US\$72,000 was paid before year-end, US\$28,000 was paid after year-end)

On or before the 12 month anniversary US\$100,000

On or before the 24 month anniversary US\$200,000

On or before the 36 month anniversary US\$300,000

On or before the 48 month anniversary US\$300,000

On or before the 60 month anniversary US\$500,000

On or before the 72 month anniversary US\$500,000

Pursuant to an amending agreement dated August 26, 2013 the 12 month anniversary payment which was originally due on or before October 4, 2013 was amended as follows; US\$50,000 due on or before August 31, 2013 and US\$50,000 due on or before March 31, 2014.

The option agreement also provides for minimum optional exploration expenditures of US\$150,000 in each of the first four years of the agreement. To the extent that MPO incurs exploration expenditures greater than US\$150,000 in a given year, the excess amount may be carried forward and applied against the required expenditure amount of the following year.

In the event MPO establishes mineral production on any of the ten concessions it is obligated to pay the Optionors a 2% net smelter return if gold is valued at or less than \$1,000 per ounce or a 2.5% net smelter return if gold is valued at greater than \$1,000 per ounce at the time of production. MPO has the option to purchase 50% of the net smelter return for a cash payment of US\$1,500,000.

One of the mining concessions is subject to an option agreement dated October 4, 2012, as amended May 9, 2013 and December 19, 2013, that provides for aggregate cash option payments of US\$150,000. As at December 31, 2014 total option payments of US\$115,000 had been paid with the remaining balance of US\$35,000 due as follows; US\$15,000 by March 31, 2014 and US\$20,000 by June 30, 2014.

In the event MPO establishes mineral production on this mining concession it is obligated to pay the Optionors a 2% net smelter return if gold is valued at or less than \$1,000 per ounce or a 2.5% net smelter return if gold is valued at greater than \$1,000 per ounce at the time of production. MPO has the option to purchase 50% of the net smelter return for a cash payment of US\$200,000.

One of the mining concessions is subject to an option agreement dated October 15, 2012, that is for a term of 10 years and provides for monthly cash option payments of Mexican Pesos 15,000. In the event MPO establishes mineral production on this mining concession, the monthly cash option payment increases to Mexican Pesos 20,000.

Prior to being acquired by the Company MPO did not carry on any business, other than being a party to the MPO Agreements, which entitled it to earn 100 % interest in the Claims.

In accounting for the LGH Transaction, LGH was not considered a business for accounting purposes and therefore, the transaction was considered to be an asset transaction.

The Company issued 11,000,000 shares to the shareholders of LGH for which it included an amount of \$2,860,000 in share capital and acquisition cost for the La Lajita Property.



5 Acquisition of Lunar Gold Holdings Incorporated (continued)

The following table summarizes the acquisition cost for the La Lajita Property:

	\$
Share issuance Transaction costs Net working capital acquired	2,860,000 62,750 1,065
Resource property acquisition cost recorded	2,923,815

6 Resource properties

Resource properties	Lac Mégantic	La Lajita	Total
	\$	\$	\$
As at March 31, 2012	657,438	_	657,438
Acquisition costs incurred	19,230	2,923,815	2,943,045
Exploration costs incurred	239,533	—	239,533
Balance at March 31, 2013	916,201	2,923,815	3,840,016
Acquisition costs incurred		165,472	165,472
Exploration costs incurred		1,076,639	1,076,639
Balance at December 31, 2013	916,201	4,165,926	5,082,127

During the nine month period ended December 31, 2013 \$105,000 of stock-based compensation was capitalized to resource properties.

7 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	December 31, 2013 \$	March 31, 2013 \$
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Employee withholding payable	123,140 50,870 	60,611 187,694 287
	174,010	248,592

As at December 31, 2013, \$150,784 (March 31, 2013 - \$133,206) of accounts payable and accrued liabilities is due to related parties.



8 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are in the normal course of business.

Legal services were provided during the period by a firm of which an officer of the Company is the sole lawyer practitioner. The cost of these legal services during the nine month period ended December 31, 2013 was \$135,482 which was recorded to professional fees expense. The cost of these legal services for the nine months ended December 31, 2012 was \$51,735 of which \$41,970 was recorded to professional fees expense and \$9,765 to share issue costs.

A company controlled by a non-executive director of the Company provided consulting services aggregating \$81,000 during the nine month period ended December 31, 2013 which was recorded to resource property exploration expenditures. The cost of these consulting services for the nine months ended December 31, 2012 was \$10,500 of which \$7,500 was expensed as property investigation costs and \$3,000 was expensed as consulting fees.

The Company incurred office rent expenses of \$2,700 during the nine month period ended December 31, 2013 (nine months ended December 31, 2012 - \$2,700) relating to the rental of an office from a non-executive director of the Company.

9 Income taxes

a) Losses

The Company has non-capital tax losses, which include certain deductions for share issue costs, of approximately \$1,532,000 available for carry-forward to reduce future years' taxable income. These non-capital tax losses expire as follows:

	Ф
Year ending 2031	88,000
2032	648,000
2033	796,000

b) For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company's effective income tax rate differs from the amount that would be computed from applying the federal and provincial statutory rate of 31% (2012 – 31%) to the pre-tax net loss for the period. The reasons for the difference are as follows:

	Dec 31, 2013 \$	Dec 31, 2012 \$
Loss before income taxes	(798,370)	(481,123)
Income tax recovery based on statutory rates Non-deductible stock option expense Unutilized losses Pro-rata reduction of flow-through premium liability	247,500 (94,900) (152,600)	149,100 (27,300) (121,800) 41,000
Recovery of income taxes		41,000



9 Income taxes (continued)

c) Flow through premium liability

	December 31, 2013 \$	March 31, 2013 \$
Opening balance Flow-through share premium liability recorded on issuance of flow-	-	41,000
through shares Pro-rata reduction of flow-through premium liability		(41,000)
	_	_

10 Compensation of key management

Key management includes the Company's Directors, President and Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary. Compensation awarded to key management is summarized as follows:

	December 31, 2013 \$	December 31, 2012 \$
Cash and accrued compensation and other benefits Stock-based compensation	229,176 283,000	158,785 84,615
	512,176	243,400

Cash compensation and other benefits are included in wages and benefits for \$148,176 (2012 - \$151,285), \$81,000 (2012 - \$nil) is recorded to resource property exploration expenditures and \$nil (2012 - \$7,500) is expensed to property investigation costs.

11 Shareholders' equity

i) Capital stock

Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares, without nominal or par value

	Number of shares	Amount \$
Balance – March 31, 2012	14,425,000	1,478,690
Shares issued for cash, net of issue costs (a) Shares issued pursuant to the exercise of stock options Shares issued pursuant to resource property acquisition (note 5)	9,472,927 500,000 11,000,000	2,310,680 97,923 2,860,000
Balance – March 31, 2013	35,397,927	6,747,293
Shares issued for cash, net of issue costs (a)	373,214	97,036
Balance – December 31, 2013	35,771,141	6,844,329

As at December 31, 2013 there are 2,100,000 shares subject to an escrow agreement.



11 Shareholders' equity (continued)

i) Capital stock (continued)

a) Private placements

During the year ended March 31, 2013 the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares at \$0.25 per share for gross proceeds of \$250,000. The capital stock value of these shares is net of share issue costs of \$12,051.

During the year ended March 31, 2013 the Company issued 8,846,141 common shares at \$0.26 per share for gross proceeds of \$2.3 million. The closing date of the private placement was March 13, 2013 and as at March 31, 2013 the transfer of subscription proceeds aggregating \$97,036 from subscribers' registered brokerage accounts remained outstanding. The 373,214 common shares relating to these subscriptions were held in trust as at March 31, 2013 and for accounting purposes were excluded from the issued number of shares. The capital stock value of the 9,472,927 issued as at March 31, 2013 is net of share issue costs of \$104,230.

During the nine month period ended December 31, 2013, the Company received outstanding subscription proceeds of \$97,036 and 373,214 common shares were released from trust.

b) Flow-through shares

During the year ended March 31, 2012, the Company issued 1,250,000 flow-through shares for gross proceeds of \$500,000. The Company agreed to incur \$500,000 of qualified Canadian mineral exploration expenditures, as defined by Canadian income tax legislation. As at March 31, 2013 the Company had incurred \$500,000 of these expenditures. The Company attributed a total of \$87,500 to the associated tax deduction.

ii) Stock options and other

The Company has a common share purchase option plan (the "Plan") for directors, officers, employees and consultants. The total number of options issued and outstanding at any time cannot exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company unless shareholder and regulatory approvals are obtained. Options granted under the Plan have a ten-year term. Options are granted at a price no lower than the market price of the common shares less any discounts allowed by the TSX Venture Exchange at the time of the grant.

In determining the stock-based compensation expense, the fair value of options issued is estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected volatility. Changes in the assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and therefore, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options.



11 Shareholders' equity (continued)

ii) Stock options and other (continued)

The following weighted average assumptions were used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	2013	2012
Risk-free interest rate	1.5%	2%
Expected volatility	150%	100%
Expected dividend yield	_	_
Expected life	5 years	7.8 years

The following table summarizes the changes in the Company's stock options and agent options for the period ended December 31, 2013:

	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number of Options	Weighted average remaining life (years)	Expiry date
Balance – March 31, 2012	0.10	1,400,000	7.0	December 13, 2012 and December 13, 2020
Exercised during the year Granted during the year	0.10 0.20 _	(500,000) 520,000	- 8.4	May 18, 2022
Balance - March 31, 2013	0.14	1,420,000		
Granted during the period Granted during the period	0.20 0.25 _	1,270,000 795,000	9.4 9.8	May 16, 2023 October 7, 2023
Balance – December 31, 2013	0.18	3,485,000	8.7	

As at December 31, 2013, 92,114 options remained available for future grants under the Plan. Options vested and exercisable at December 31, 2013 totaled 3,485,000 with an average exercise price of \$0.18 per share. The Agent options are not considered part of the Plan. The weighted average grant-date fair value per option was \$0.17 for the stock options and \$0.05 for the Agent options.



11 Shareholders' equity (continued)

iii) Contributed surplus and other

	\$
Balance – March 31, 2012	110,500
Exercise of options and agent options Stock-based compensation	(37,923) 88,000
Balance – March 31, 2013	160,577
Exercise of options Stock-based compensation	411,000
Balance – December 31, 2013	571,577

The Company recorded total stock-based compensation of \$411,000 during the nine month period ended December 31, 2013 of which \$105,000 as capitalized to resource properties and \$306,000 was expensed to stock-based compensation. During the nine month period ended December 31, 2012, the Company recorded total stock-based compensation of \$88,000 of which \$nil was capitalized to resource properties.

iv) Warrants

The following table summarizes the changes in the Company's warrants for the six month period ended December 31, 2013:

	Expiry date	Exercise price \$	Number	Ascribed value \$
Balance – March 31, 2012	_	_	_	_
Warrants issued pursuant to March 2013 private placement financing	March 11, 2014	0.30	176,245	26,000
Balance – March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2013			176,245	26,000

The fair value of warrants recognized has been estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The weighted average assumptions used in the pricing model for warrants issued are as follows:

Risk-free interest rate	2.0%
Expected volatility	100%
Expected dividend yield	\$nil
Expected life	1 year



12 Financial instruments

Credit risk

The Company manages credit risk by holding the majority of its cash with high quality financial institutions in Canada, where management believes the risk of loss to be low.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. The Company does not have sufficient working capital to carry out all budgeted programs in 2014 and must finance during 2014 to avoid disruption in planned expenditures (see note 1).

Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

a) Interest rate risk

The Company has no interest-bearing debt and the majority of its cash and cash equivalents is held is in interest bearing accounts, accordingly it is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk.

b) Foreign currency risk

The Company operates in Mexico, giving rise to foreign currency risk. To limit the Company's exposure to this risk, cash is primarily held with high quality financial institutions in Canada. In the future, based on the timing of the Company's exploration programs, foreign currencies may be purchased in advance of expenditures to lock in exchange rates in line with the Company's budgets, otherwise the Company does not use any form of hedging against fluctuations in foreign exchange.

As at December 31, 2013, the Company held the following financial instruments in foreign currencies:

	December 31, 2013	
	US\$	Pesos
Cash	496	97,176
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	_	76,808

c) Price risk

The Company is not exposed to any direct price risk other than that associated with commodities and how fluctuations impact companies in the mineral exploration and mining industries as the Company has no significant revenues.



13 Supplemental cash flow information

During the period ended December 31, 2013, the Company incurred expenditures on resource properties of \$24,284 which were recorded as accounts payable at the end of the period. These items are non-cash transactions and have been excluded from the statements of cash flows.

14 Subsequent events

Subsequent to December 31, 2013 the Company settled accounts payable aggregating \$97,228 with the issuance of 682,300 common shares. The accounts payable related to legal fees and consulting fees owed respectively to an officer and a director of the Company.

On February 7, 2014 the Company press released its intention to conduct a non-brokered private placement financing to raise up to \$1.5-million. The proceeds from the financing will be used to carry out additional drilling at the La Lajita gold property and for general working capital.